



Shared
Healthcare
Intervention to
Eliminate
Life-threatening
Dissemination of MDROs

**LTACH Protocol Post-Training Test:
Chlorhexidine bathing with cloths
and nasal iodophor administration**

Date: _____ Title (*circle one*): CNA LVN RN OTHER: _____

Name: _____ Signature: _____

1. What is the SHIELD Program?

- A. A quality improvement program to reduce multi-drug resistant organisms (MDROs) like MRSA and ESBL in hospitals
- B. A research project to minimize the spread of multi-drug resistant organisms
- C. A project to evaluate novel decolonization products for FDA clearance
- D. An initiative to improve bathing techniques for all patients

2. Who should receive the decolonization "cleansing" protocol?

- A. MRSA-positive patients
- B. Patients on contact precautions
- C. Patients who stay longer than 2 weeks
- D. All patients over 18 years old

3. Which of the following is correct when using chlorhexidine cloths?

- A. Apply chlorhexidine cloths to the skin and then bathe with soap and water
- B. Bathe with soap and water then apply chlorhexidine
- C. Bathe with chlorhexidine cloths and let air dry

4. Chlorhexidine cloths can be used on all of the following EXCEPT:

- A. Lines, tubes, and drains within 6 inches of the body
- B. Superficial decubitus ulcers (stage 1&2)
- C. Large or deep wounds
- D. Sutured or stapled wounds

5. **Which dressings should be cleaned with chlorhexidine?**
- A. Gauze dressings
 - B. Semi-permeable or occlusive dressings
6. **Why are the chlorhexidine cloths warmed?**
- A. To make the chlorhexidine work against germs
 - B. For comfort only
7. **What should be done if the light on the CHG cloth warmer says "discard"?**
- A. Nothing. The lights aren't important.
 - B. Use that chlorhexidine pack right away for the next patient who needs a bath
 - C. Throw that chlorhexidine pack away because it has been in the warmer too long and may not work
8. **Chlorhexidine cloths can be re-warmed AFTER being taken out of the warmer.**
- A. True
 - B. False
9. **Who should receive nasal iodophor?**
- A. Nasal iodophor should be given to MRSA-positive patients only
 - B. Nasal iodophor should be given to all patients on contact precautions
 - C. Nasal iodophor should be given to all patients
10. **Which of the following is correct when using nasal iodophor?**
- A. Apply once to each nostril
 - B. Apply twice daily to each nostril for five days
 - C. Apply only to patients known to have MRSA





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**Hospital Protocol Post-Training Test Answer Key:
Chlorhexidine bathing with cloths
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1. A
2. D
3. C
4. C
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. B