

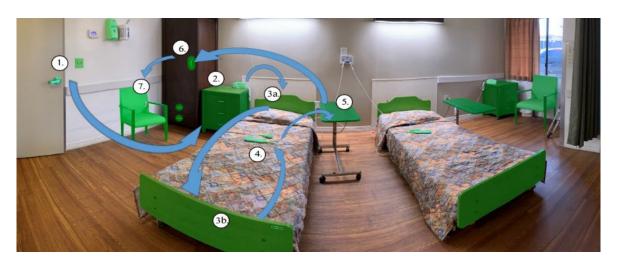
# Preventing COVID-19 in Nursing Homes Protocol – Resident Room Cleaning

#### **Cleaning Guidance**

- Clean surfaces in a fixed order to create a cleaning routine
- Clean standard-care resident rooms before proceeding to contact precaution rooms
- Assign a specific color cleaning cloth to different room types
  - o Example: green for resident room, blue for bathroom, purple for common areas
- Proceed from cleanest to dirtiest to reduce the likelihood of transferring dirt and germs from one surface to another
  - In a resident room, cleaning should start with items further away from resident and least-frequently touched (such as light switch) and proceed closer to the resident (such as over bed table and remotes)

## **Resident Room Example**

- The following picture shows a clean-to-dirty sequence for room cleaning
  - Numbers show the order in which the surfaces are cleaned
  - o **Arrows** represent the way a housekeeper will navigate through the room
  - High-touch surfaces to be cleaned are colored in green



#### **Resident Room Cleaning**

 High-touch surfaces in resident rooms include: light switch, door handle, headboard and footboard of bed, call button/TV remote/bed remote, nightstand, over bed table, and guest chair



- Resident room cleaning steps:
  - 1. Perform hand hygiene and don fresh gloves
  - 2. Take a freshly saturated clean cloth and fold twice, to make 8 sides for cleaning (see "Protocol Folding Cleaning Cloths")
  - 3. Use one side of the cloth to wipe door knob and light switch
  - **4.** Use opposite side to wipe headboard, footboard, and any bed rails
  - **5.** Unfold cleaning cloth to a clean side, and wipe bed remote, TV remote, and call light/button
  - **6.** With another clean side, wipe nightstand with emphasis on drawer handles
  - 7. With another clean side, wipe over bed table
  - 8. With another clean side, wipe guest chair and any additional items in room
  - 9. Remove trash can liner, clean inside and outside of trash can, and replace liner
  - 10. Place used cleaning cloth in linen bag
  - 11. Remove gloves and wash hands with soap and water to remove any chemicals

# **Resident Bathroom Cleaning**

 High-touch surfaces in resident bathrooms include: light switch, door knob, faucet handles, wall dispensers, wall handrails, toilet flush handle, portable toilet chair, toilet seat



- Resident bathroom cleaning steps:
  - o Perform hand hygiene and don fresh gloves.
  - Take a freshly saturated clean cloth and fold twice, to make 8 sides for cleaning (see "Protocol – Folding Cleaning Cloths")
  - Using a fresh side of cleaning cloth, wipe the door knob and light switch.
  - Using the opposite side, wipe faucet handles and sink basin
  - Unfold cloth to a fresh side, and wipe wall dispensers including paper towel dispenser and soap dispenser
  - Use another clean side to wipe wall handrails
  - Use another clean side to wipe toilet flush handles and exterior of toilet
  - Use another clean side to wipe portable toilet chair and the toilet seat
  - Place used cloth in linen bag
  - o Doff gloves, and wash hands with soap and water to remove any chemicals.

### **Resident Room Floor Cleaning**

- Floors should be cleaned last after cleaning and disinfecting high-touch surfaces, since wiping surfaces can lead to dripping onto floors
- Similar to cleaning room surfaces, floors should be cleaned from cleanest to dirtiest
- Use a dry mop to collect and remove all larger particle debris
- Start at the end of the room furthest away from the door entrance, then clean towards the exit to avoid walking on and contaminating previously cleaned areas
- After dry mopping, use a wet mop with floor cleaner to clean floors
  - o Mop room using figure-8 pattern, as shown below

